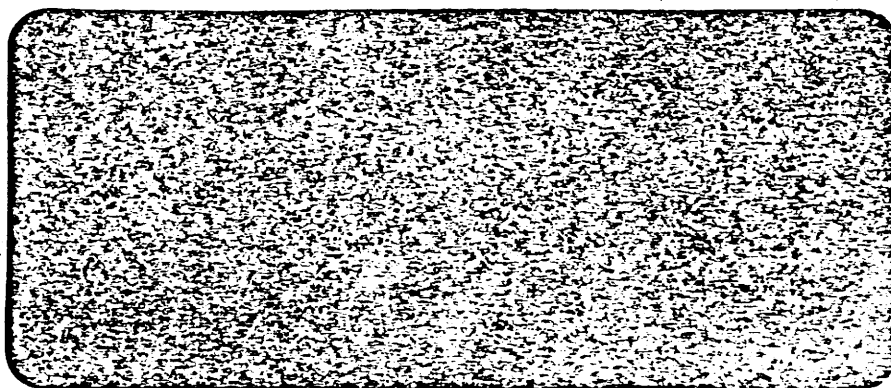


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OEM PRODUCTS



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PUBLICATION N° 50416.01

FIXED DISK DRIVE

HD 551

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This specification describes the HD 561, 5.25 inch hard disk drive family, its functional characteristics, physical and electrical interface and its performances.

Also described are the media used, their defects and track format suggestions as well as the timing relationship requirements of each I/O pin.

The family is composed of two types:

HD 561/1 = 1 media

HD 561/2 = 2 media

The logical interface is of industry standard and is composed of two connectors. A standard connector is also used for DC voltage requirements. A faston 187 type is used for frame connection.

The physical interface is totally compatible with all 5.25 inch Winchester drives with step motor actuator, using industry standard interface.

1.2 TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

The HD 561 has a screw which blocks the spindle motor to prevent damage during transportation. Before switch-on operations this screw has to be loosened. See Figure 1.1 .

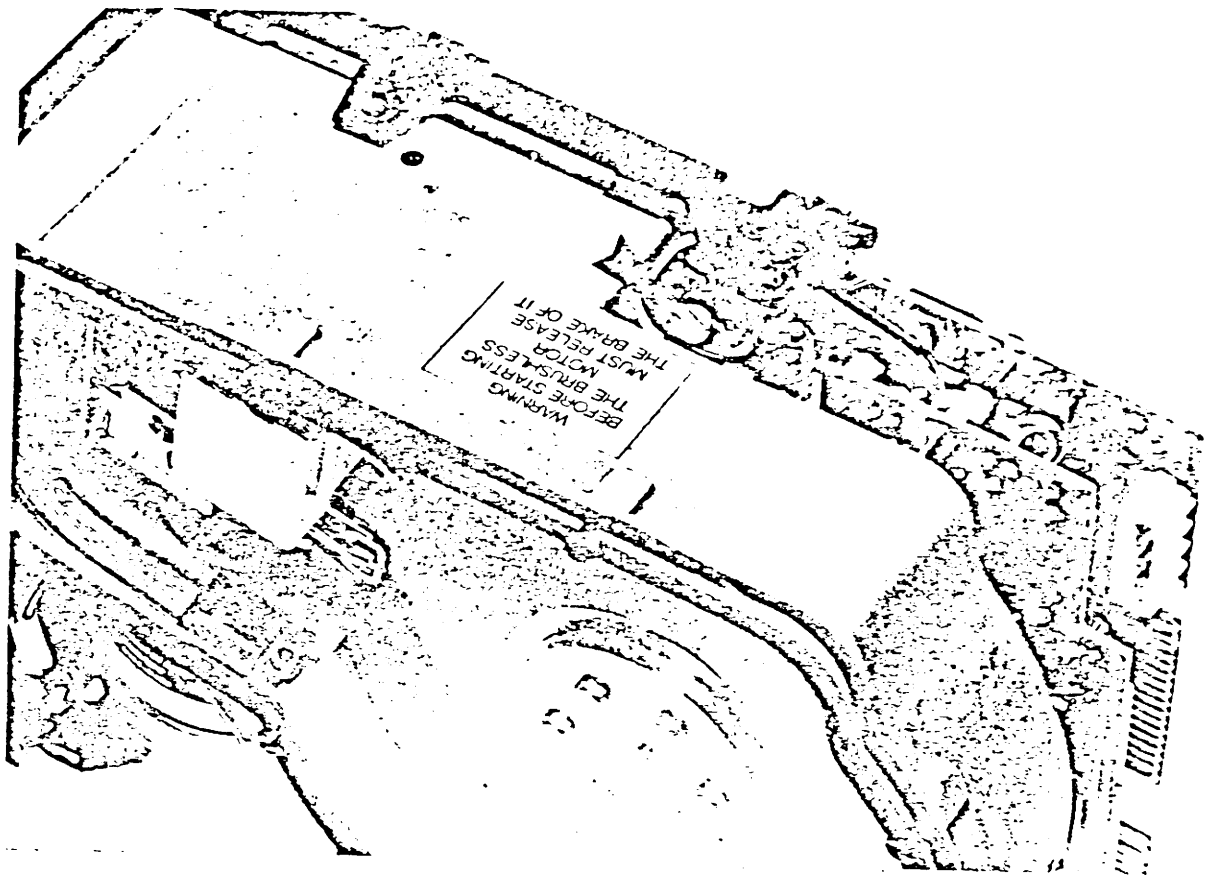


Figure 1.1 Blocking Screw of Spindle Motor

2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Capacity		<u>HD561/1</u>	<u>HD561/2</u>
Unformatted:			
Per drive	Mbytes	3.750	7.5
Per surface	Mbytes	1.875	1.875
Per track	Kbytes	1.0417	1.0417
Formatted:			
Per drive	Mbytes	3.04	6.08
Per surface	Mbytes	1.52	1.52
Per track	Kbytes	8.448	8.488
Per sector	bytes	256	256
Sectors/track		33	33
Transfer rate:	mbytes/sec	5	5
Access time:			
Track to track	ms	2	2
Average	ms	120	120
Maximum	ms	360	360
Settling time	ms	20	20
Average latency:	ms	8.33	8.33

2.2 FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

Rotational speed	rpm	3600+1%	3600+1%
Recording method		MFM	MFM
Recording density	BPI	7820	7820
Track density	TPI	254	254
Cylinders		180	180
Tracks		360	720
Read/write heads		2	4
Index		1	1
Start time	sec	10	12
Stop time	sec	8	10

2.3 RELIABILITY SPECIFICATIONS

MTBF:	8000 POH typical usage
Preventive maintenance:	Not required
MTTR:	30 minutes
Component life:	6 years
Error rates:	
Soft	$1/10^{10}$ bits read
Hard	$1/10^{12}$ bits read
Seek	$1/10^6$ seeks

2.4 PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Environmental Limits:	
Ambient temperature	50° F to 115° F (10° C to 45° C)
Relative humidity	8% to 80%
Maximum wet bulb	78° F non-condensing (26° C)
Altitude	3.000 m. max
Vibrations	Not available (TBD)
Storage conditions:	
Temperature	0° C to 55° C (32° F to 130° F)
Relative humidity	0% to 95% RH (non-condensing)
Maximum wet bulb	30° C (86° F)
Vibrations	Not available (TBD)
Transportation:	
Temperature	- 40° C to +55° C (-104° F to 130° F)
Relative humidity	5% to 95% RH (non-condensing)
Maximum wet bulb	30° C (86° F)
AC Power Requirements:	None
DC Voltage Requirements:	
+ 12 VDC ± 10% 1.8A typical 4.2A starting	
+ 5 VDC ± 5% 0.9A typical 1.2A max	
Heat Dissipation:	26.1 W typical
Mechanical dimensions:	
Height	3.25 inches (82.5 mm)
Width	5.75 inches (146 mm)
Depth	8.00 inches (203.2 mm)
Weight	3.5 lbs (2.4 kg)

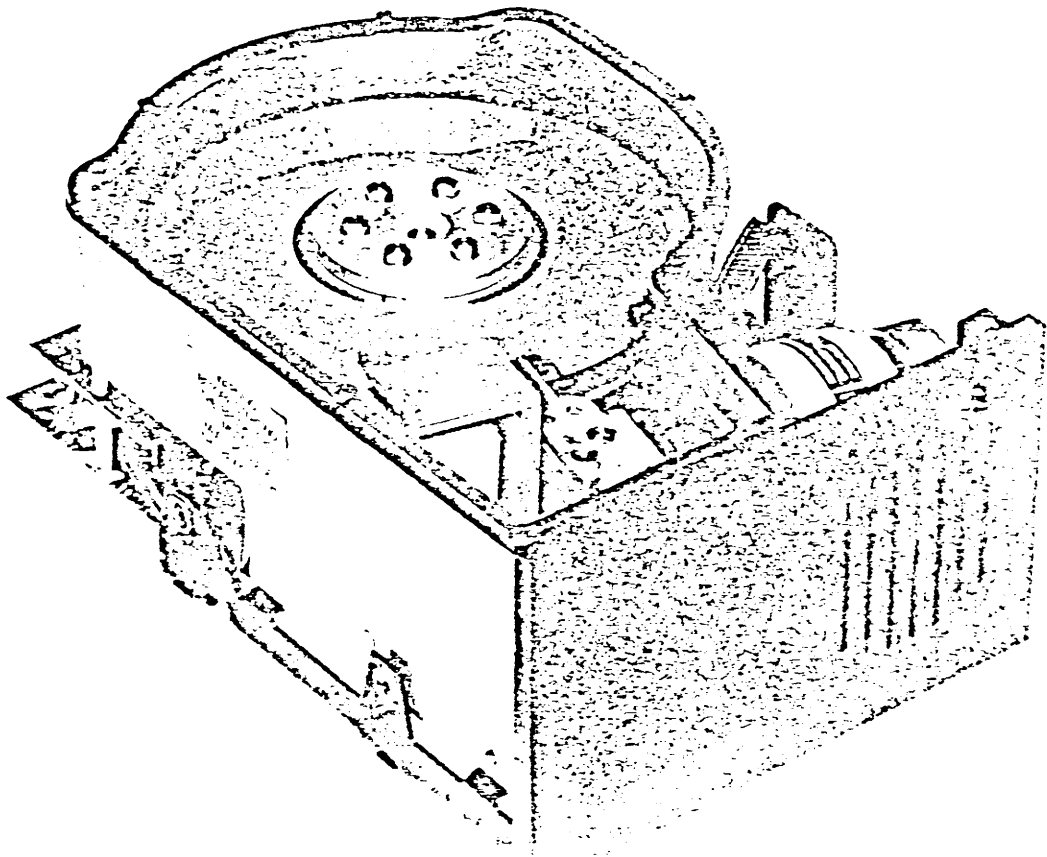


Figure 2.1 HD 561 Hard Disk Drive

3. HD 561 DRIVE INTERFACE

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The following specification describes the necessary requirements concerning the physical and electrical interface with the HD 561 hard disk drive family. The section on the physical interface, besides specifying the mechanical requirements, also lists recommended parts. The section on the electrical interface describes the functional and timing relationships required for each I/O pin.

3.1.1 PHYSICAL INTERFACE

The electrical interface between the HD 561 and the host system is comprised of four connectors:

- 01J - provides control signals for the device
- 02J - provides for radial connection of read/write data signals
- 03J - provides for DC power
- 04J - provides for frame ground

See Figure 3.1 for connector locations

3.1.2 01J/P1 CONNECTOR

A 34 pin edge connector provides the connection to 01J. The pins are numbered 1 through 34, and the even pins are located on the component side of the PCB. Pin 2 is labeled in its location near the end of the PCB connector, close to the DC power connector, 03J/P3. A key slot is provided, and is located between pins 4 and 6. AMP ribbon connector, part number 88373-3 is the recommended mating connector for P1.

See Figure 3.2 for the dimensions of 01J/P1 connector.

3.1.3 02J/P2 CONNECTOR

A 20 pin PCB edge connector provides the connection to 02J. The pins are numbered 1 through 20 with the even numbered pins located on the component side of the PCB. AMP ribbon connector, part number 88373-6 is the recommended mating connector for 02J. A key slot is located between pins 4 and 6. See Figure 3.3 for the dimensions of 02J/P2 connector.

3.1.4 03J/P3 CONNECTOR

The DC power connector, 03J, is mounted on the solder side of the PCB and is an AMP Mate-N-Lok connector, part number 350211-1. AMP part number 1-480424-0 is the recommended mating connector (P3) which utilizes AMP pins, part number 350078-4. 03J pins are labeled on 03J connector.

See Figure 3.4 for the dimensions of 03J/P3 connector.

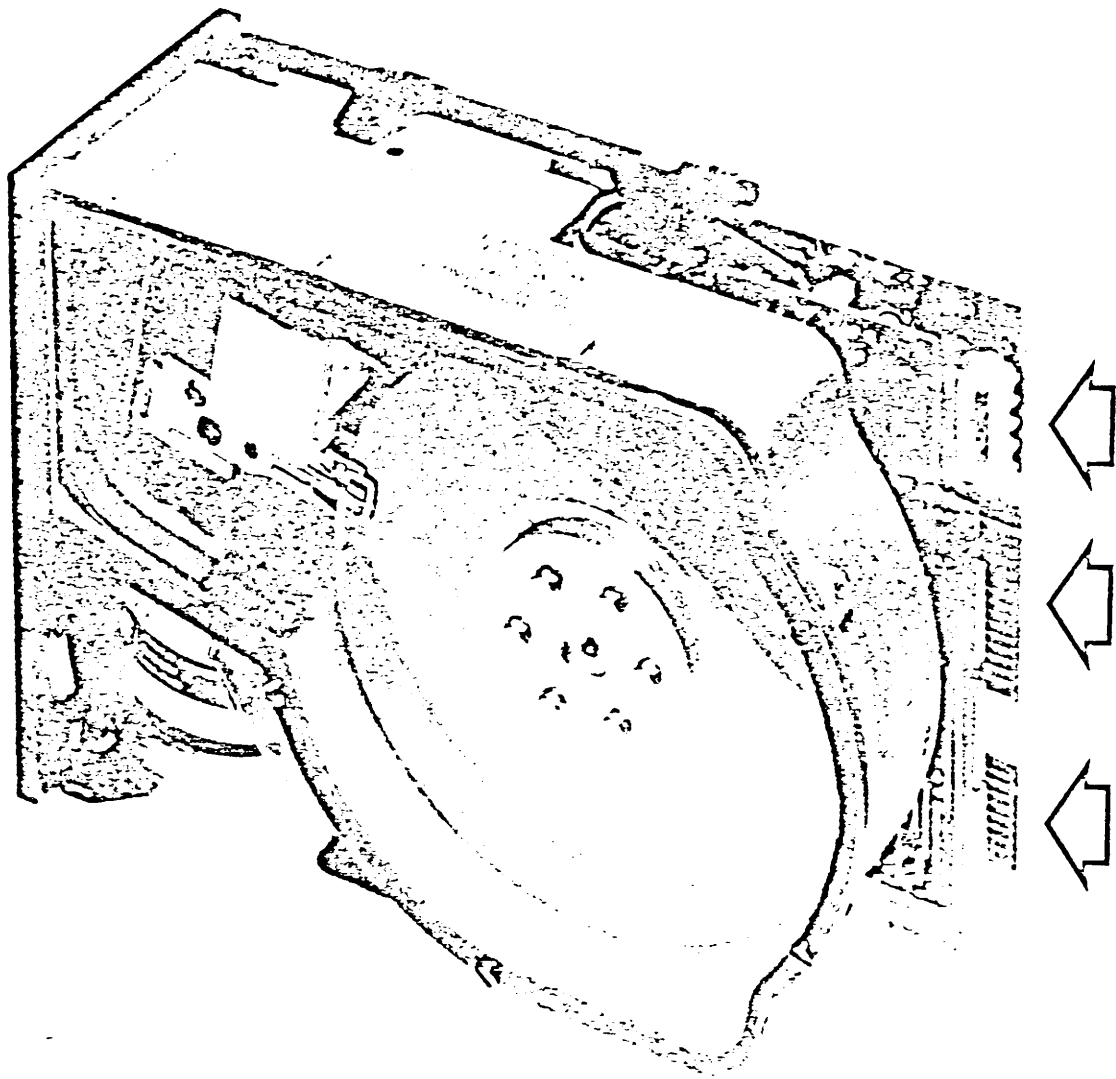


Figure 3.1 Connector Locations

COMPONENTS SIDE

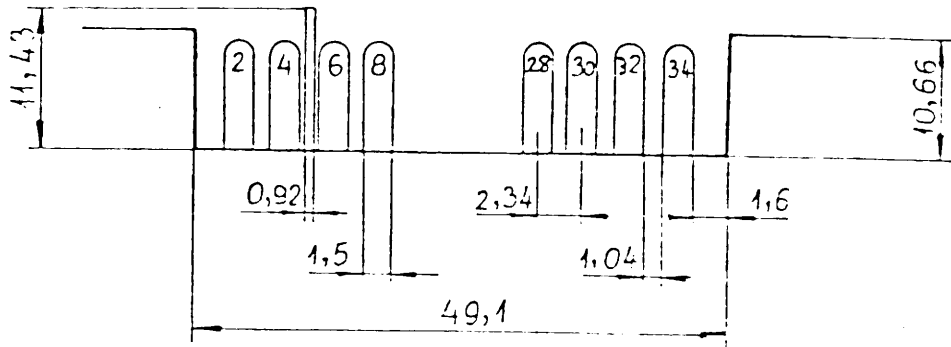


Figure 3.2 01J Connector

COMPONENT SIDE

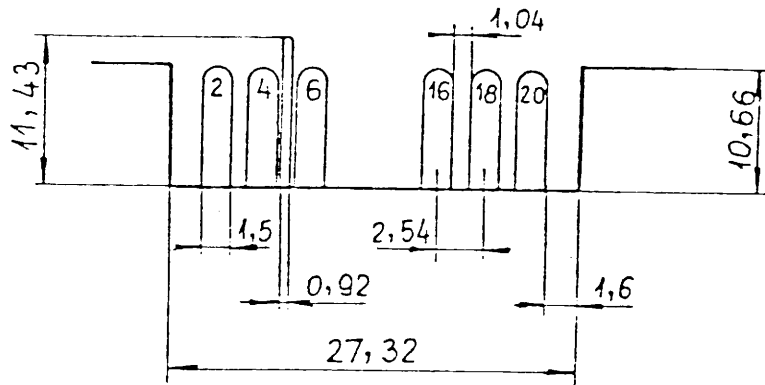
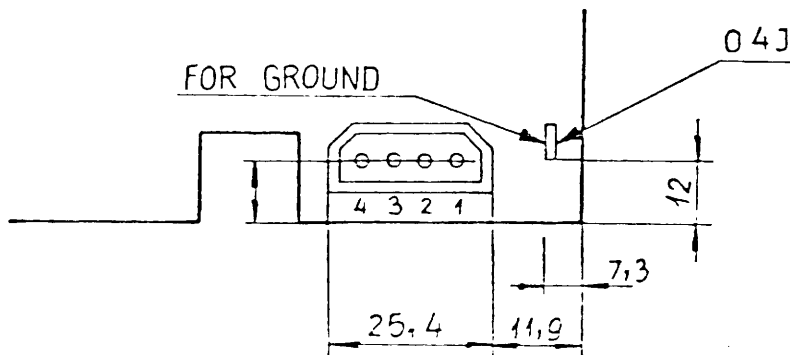


Figure 3.3 02J Connector

SOLDER SIDE



(AMP 187 Series)

Figure 3.4 03J and 04J Connector

3.1.5 04J/P4 FRAME GROUND CONNECTOR

Faston is AMP 187 Series. See Figure 3.4 for the dimensions of 04J/P4 connector.

3.2 INTERFACE LINES AND PIN ASSIGNMENTS

The drive interface comprises three categories; Control, Signal, and DC power. The following three tables show the pin assignments for these interface lines.

GND RTN	SIGNAL	
<u>PIN</u>	<u>PIN</u>	<u>SIGNAL NAME</u>
1	2	RIC00 - Reduced Write Current
3	4	HEAD 3 - Head Select 2 ^{2*}
5	6	WRAGA - Write Gate
7	8	OCCUO - Seek Complete
9	10	POZEN - Track 00
11	12	WRIFN - Write Fault
13	14	HEAD 1 - Head Select 2 ⁰
15	16	MACAN - Reserved (to 02J pin 7)
17	18	HEAD 2 - Head Select 2 ¹
19	20	GIRON - Index
21	22	MADIN - Ready
23	24	STEPN - Step
25	26	SEL 1 - Drive Select 1
27	28	SEL 2 - Drive Select 2
29	30	SEL 3 - Drive Select 3
31	32	SEL 4 - Drive Select 4
33	34	AVANN - Direction In

Table 1. 01J/P1 Connector Pin Assignments

* Only for 5005, 11/12/13 version.

GND RTN	SIGNAL	
<u>PIN</u>	<u>PIN</u>	<u>SIGNAL NAME</u>
2	1	UNSEA - Drive Selected
4	3	RISE 1 - Reserved (5V)
6	5	RISE 2 - Spare
8	7	MACAN - Reserved (to 01J pin 16)
10	11	GROUND - GND
	13	WRIDO - + MFM Write Data
	14	WRIDN - - MFM Write Data
16	15	GROUND - GND
	17	READO - + MFM Read Data
	18	READN - - MFM Read Data
20	19	GROUND - GND

Table 2. 02J/P2 Connector Pin Assignments

	VOLTAGE		GROUND
Pin 1	+12V Volts DC \pm 10%	Pin 2	+12V Volt Return
Pin 4	+ 5V Volts DC \pm 5%	Pin 3	+ 5V Volt Return

Table 3. 0J3/P3 DC Connector Pin Assignments

3.3 CONNECTION MODE

The HD 561 hard disk drive family is connected in daisy chain on control signals and radially on read/write signals. The maximum number of connected drives is 4 (see Figure 3.5). The maximum length of the daisy connection cable is 6 meters (18 feet). In the radial configuration the cables have to be the same length as the daisy cable. In either case the maximum length should be no more than 6 meters in order to minimize the possibility of noise.

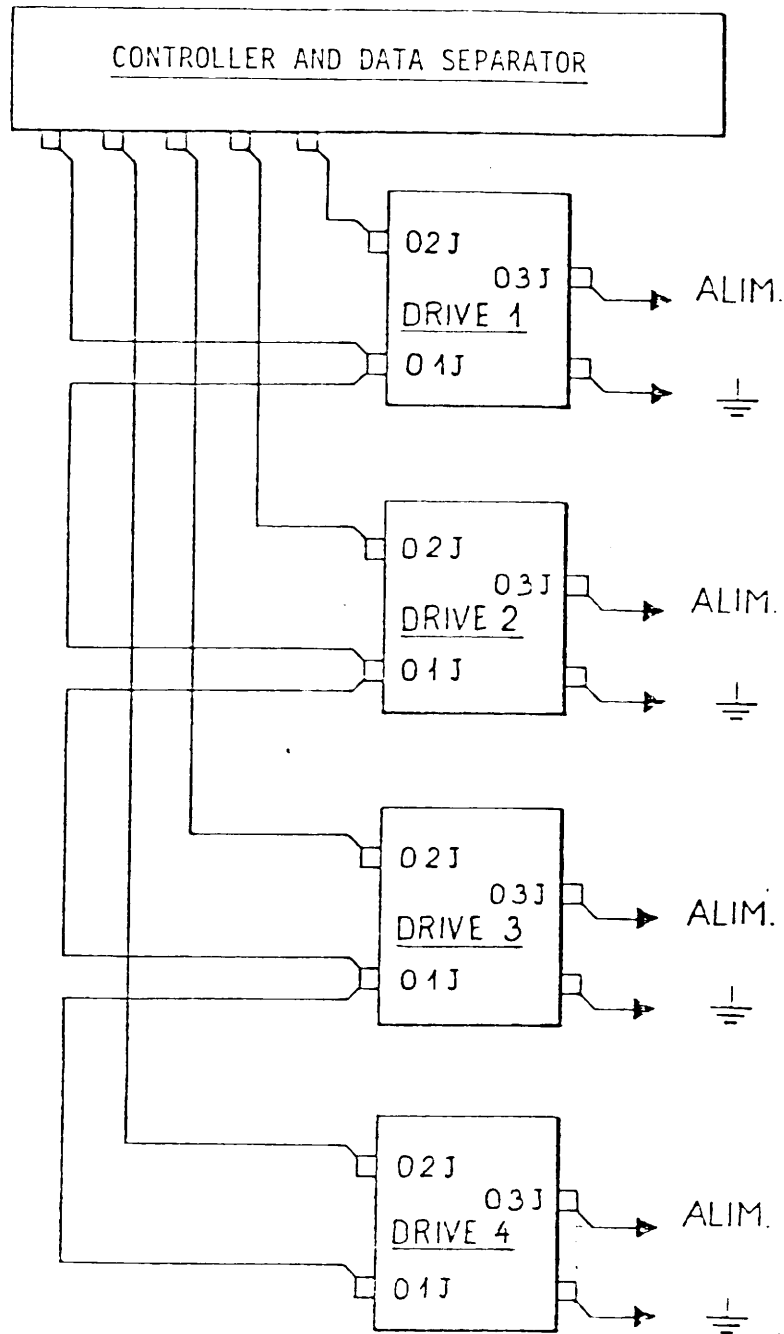


Figure 3.5 Typical Connection - 4 Drive System

4. INTERFACE LINES DESCRIPTION

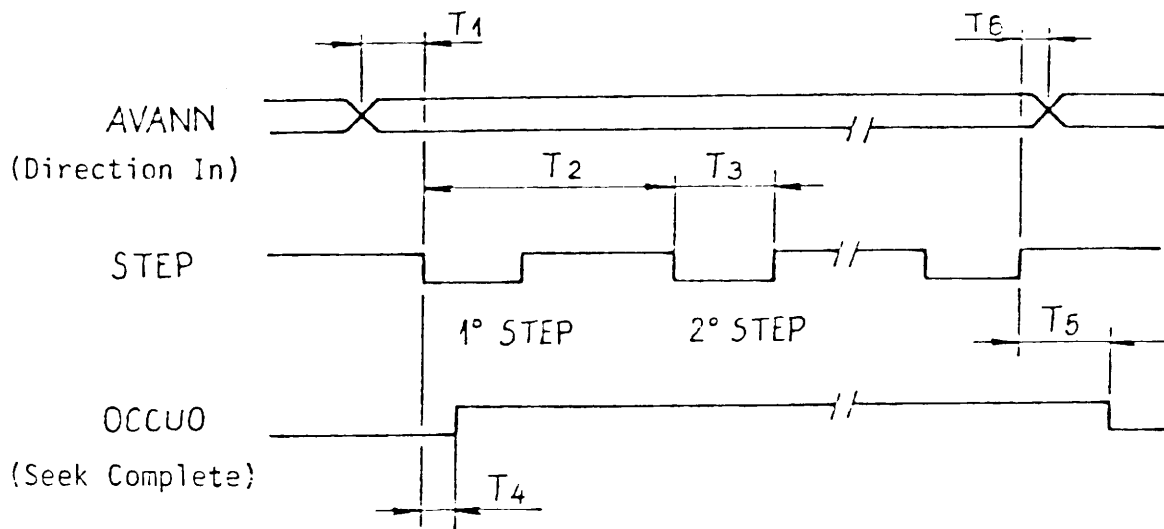
4.1 CONTROL LINES

All the following lines are present in the 01J connector. The electrical specifications for these lines are as follows:

Low level = 0.0 VDC to 0.5 VDC

High level = 2.4 VDC to 5.25 VDC

- STEPN - On this line the drive receives the steps for the command to position the head carriage on the desired track. The direction of the motor is given by the direction signal (AVANN). The speed is determined by the frequency of the step pulses. The maximum frequency of these pulses is 500 Hz and their minimum width, 3 microseconds.
- AVANN - On this line the controller sends to the HD 561 the signal which determines the direction of the head carriage motor. A low level moves the heads towards the center of the disk. A high level (or line open) moves the heads towards the outside of the disk. The signals must be active at least 100 nanoseconds (ns) before the trailing edge of the first command step.
- OCCUO - A high level on this line indicates that the drive is busy (is executing a positioning command) and during this time read and write operations must not be attempted.
- This signal will also go high during switch-on phase and remain in this condition until the head carriage is in track 00 and the spindle motor speed is in tolerance.
- The timing relationship between all signals mentioned above are shown in Figure 4.1.
- POZEN - This line goes low every time the head carriage is correctly positioned on track 00 and will go high in all other cases.
- GIRON - On this line the drive sends the index signal to the controller. Figure 4.2 shows the timing relationship. This line is normally at high level. Only the trailing edge will be true to indicate the correct beginning of the track.
- MADIN - This line, when at low level, together with OCCUO (seek complete) indicates that the drive is available for reading, writing or seeking. When this line is at high level all these operations are inhibited. During switch-on phase this line will be high for 13-17 seconds to ensure the initial reset and that the rotational speed of the spindle motor is in tolerance.



$$T_1 = > 100 \text{ ns}$$

$$T_2 = \geq 2 \text{ ms}$$

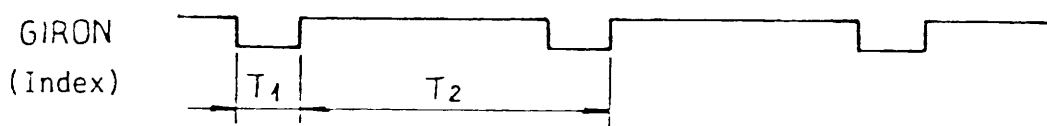
$$T_3 = > 3 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_4 = < 500 \text{ ns}$$

$$T_5 = \leq 20 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_6 = > 500 \text{ ns}$$

Figure 4.1 Timing Relationship



$$T_1 = 300 \mu\text{s} \pm 20\%$$

$$T_2 = 16,667 \text{ ms} \pm 1\%$$

Figure 4.2 Timing Relationship

WRIFN - This signal indicates that the drive is not properly executing a write operation, due to faults in the relative circuits. When this line is at low level, it indicates that:

1. The DC voltages are grossly out of tolerance.
2. There is current on the heads without a write command.
3. There is no current on the head with drive select and write command line is active.
4. More than one head or a non-existing head has been selected.

WRAGA - This line, when at a low level, allows the writing of data, while inhibiting head carriage positioning. When at a high level, it allows reading of data and positioning of carriage.

HEAD 1 - On these three lines the controller sends the head selection command
HEAD 2 as follows:
HEAD 3*

HEAD 1 = 2^0

HEAD 2 = 2^1

*HEAD 3 = 2^2

The heads are numbered from 0 to 5. When these three lines are high, head 0 will be selected.

RICOO - When this line is active together with the WRAGA line, it allows writing at a reduced current. This line will be low when write operations are performed between tracks 128 and 179; at high level between tracks 0 and 127.

MACAN - Pin no. 16 of the 01J is connected with pin no. 7 of the 02J on the PCB. This allows the controller to send a logic signal on this line and to receive it on pin 7 of 02J or vice versa. With this connection the controller can verify that cables are correctly connected. This operation is ignored by the peripheral unit.

SEL 1 - These lines when at a low level, permit the selection of the drives.
SEL 2 When selected, only one of these lines will be at a low level.
SEL 3
SEL 4

On the PCB a four-way dip switch is mounted for selection of the unit.

In a daisy chain configuration the resistors must be mounted only on the last drive.

(* Note: For future improvement 3 media version).

4.2 DATA LINES

All these lines are present on the 02J connector.

UNSEA - This line when at low level indicates to the controller that the drive has been selected.

RISE 1 - This line is reserved for future use.

RISE 2 - This line is reserved for future use.

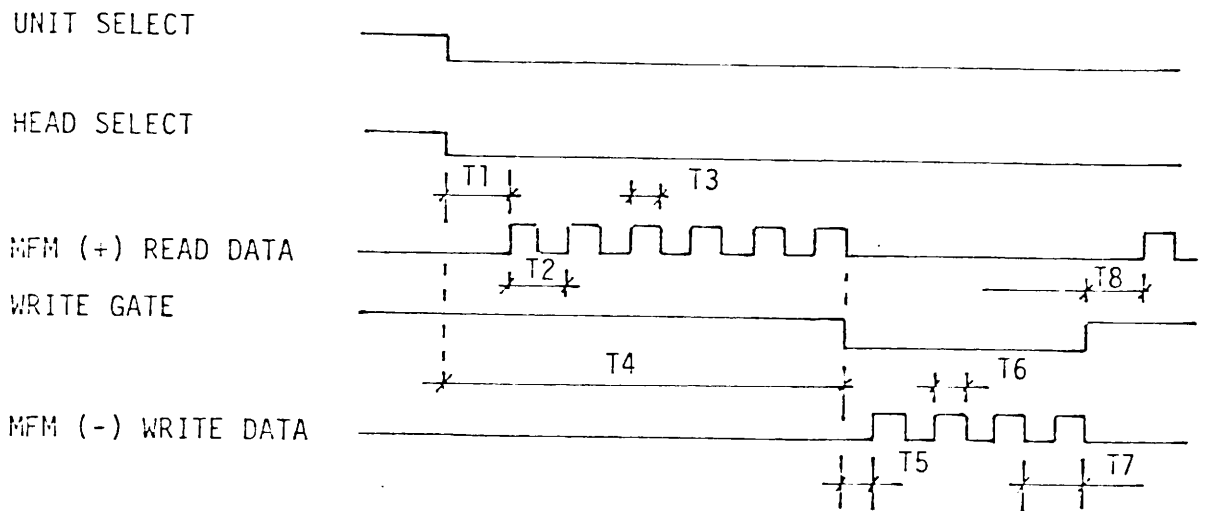
RISE 3 - This line is reserved for future use.

MACAN - Pin no. 7 of the 02J connector is connected to pin no. 16 of the 01J on the PCB.
See MACAN paragraph of control lines.

WRIDO - These two lines define the timing of the transitions to be written
WRIDN on the track.
The use of a 26LS31 high speed line driver is advised. These lines are received by the drive with a high speed differential line receiver of the 26LS32 type.
The levels are such that when WRIDO goes positive and WRIDN goes negative and both have the same value, one flux transition is provided at the head, provided the WRAGA line is active. When the WRAGA is not active the WRIDO line must be more negative than the WRIDN line.

READO - The data recovered by reading a prerecorded track is transmitted via
READN these two lines. When the transistions (positive and negative edges) between the READO and READN lines reaches the same value, this represents a flux transition on the track being read by the selected head. Data is true 20 microseconds after the selection of the head or at the end of the write operation as shown in Figure 4.3.

Figure 4.4 shows the recommended cable connections.



T1	20 us
T2	200 ns typical
T3	100 ns typical
T4	20 us
T5	200 ns
T6	50 ns min. - 120 ns max.
T7	200 ns \pm 1%
T8	20 us

Figure 4.3 MFM Read/Write Data Timing Relationship

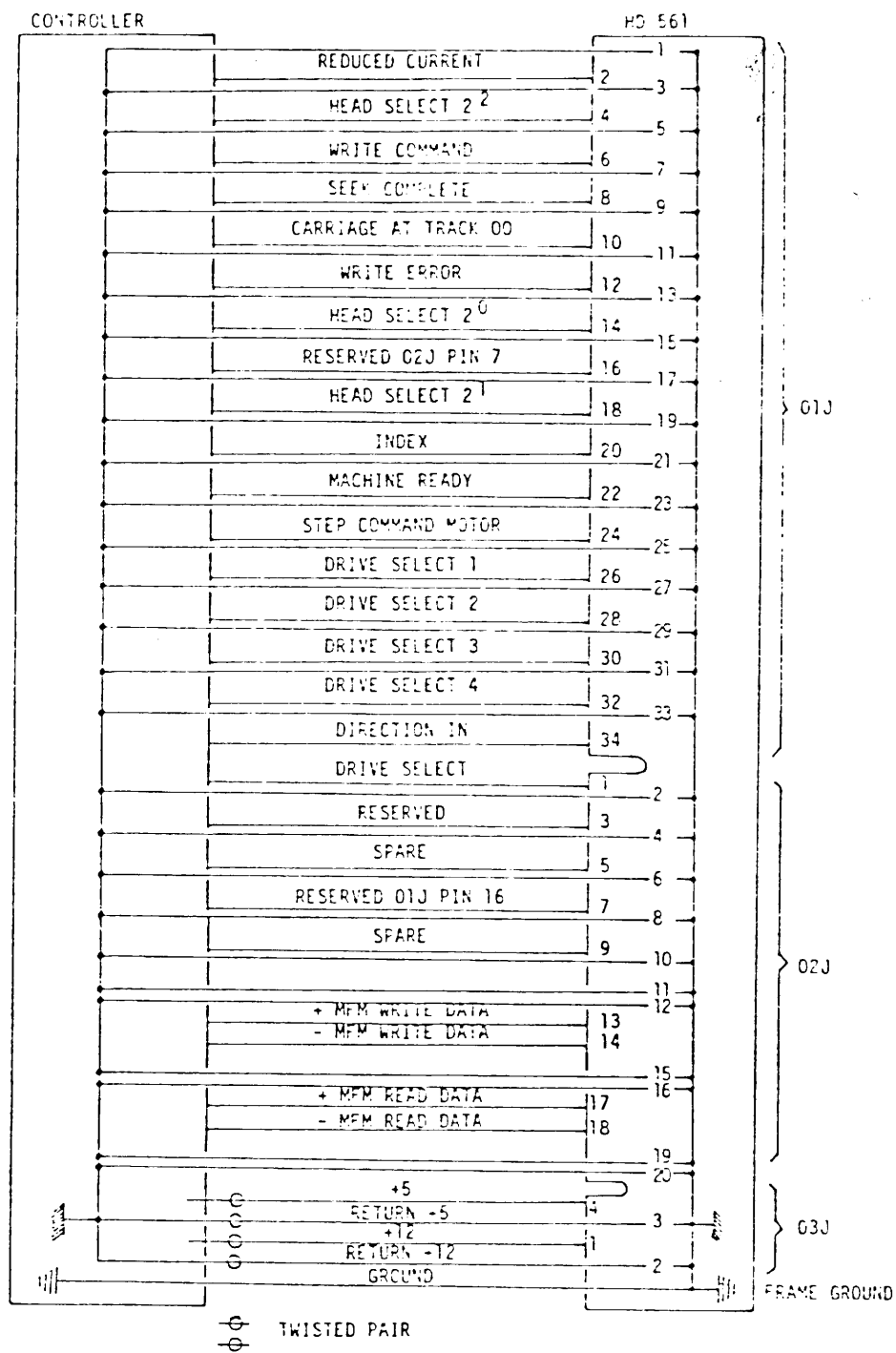


Figure 4.4 Cable Connections

5. ELECTRICAL INTERFACE

5.1 CONTROL LINES FROM DRIVE TO CONTROLLER

These lines are transmitted by a 75452 line driver with open connector. On the controller they have to be received by a Schmitt trigger. (74LS14 or equiv.)

Line impedance is terminated with a 220 - 330 ohm resistor pack. The signals are transmitted as follows:

OCCUO - Seek Complete
POZEN - Carriage on track 00
WRIFN - Write fault
GIRON - Index signal
MADIN - Unit ready
UNSEA - Unit selected

5.2 CONTROL LINES FROM CONTROLLER TO DRIVE

The lines are received by the drive with a 74LS14 Schmitt trigger and the lines are terminated with a 220 - 330 ohm resistor pack.

On the controller they have to be transmitted by an open connector 75452 or 7438 or equivalent device. In this way the following signals are received:

RICOO - Reduced current
WRAGA - Write Gate
HEAD 1 - Head Select 2^0
HEAD 2 - Head Select 2^1
HEAD 3 - Head Select 2^2
STEPN - Step command
AVANN - Direction signal
SEL1N - Drive Select 1
SEL2N - Drive Select 2
SEL3N - Drive Select 3
SEL4N - Drive Select 4

5.3 WRITE SIGNALS

These signals are received by the drive with a differential line receiver 26LS32 and terminated with a 100 ohm resistor. They must be transmitted by the controller with a 26LS31 line driver.

The signals are received as follows:

WRIDO
Balanced write lines
WRIDN

Figure 5.3 shows the recommended circuits.

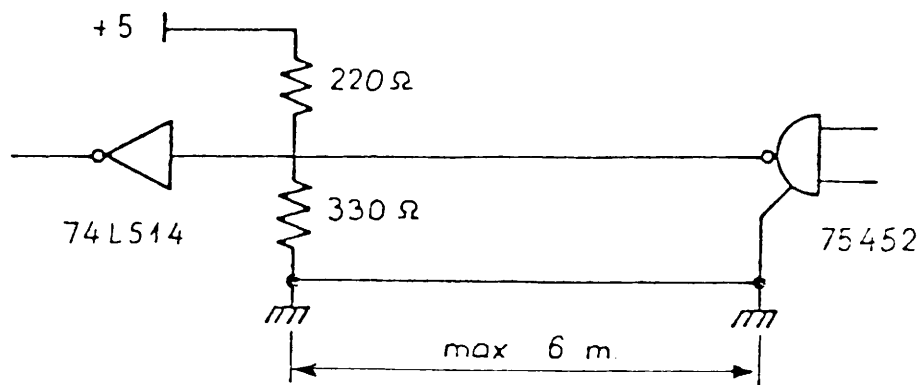


Figure 5.1 Cable Resistors

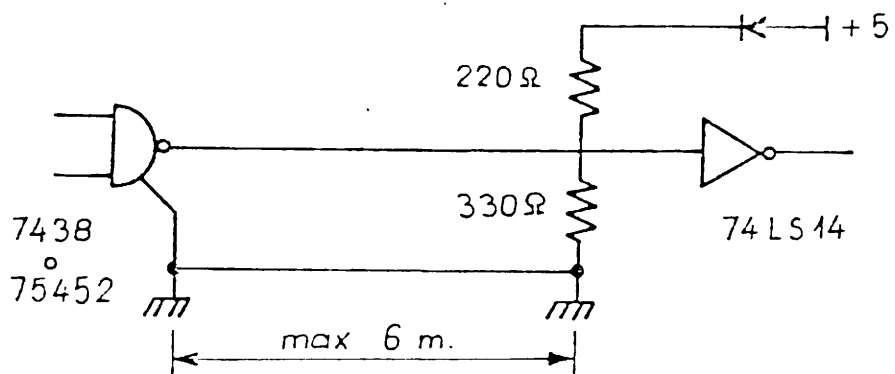


Figure 5.2 Line Resistors

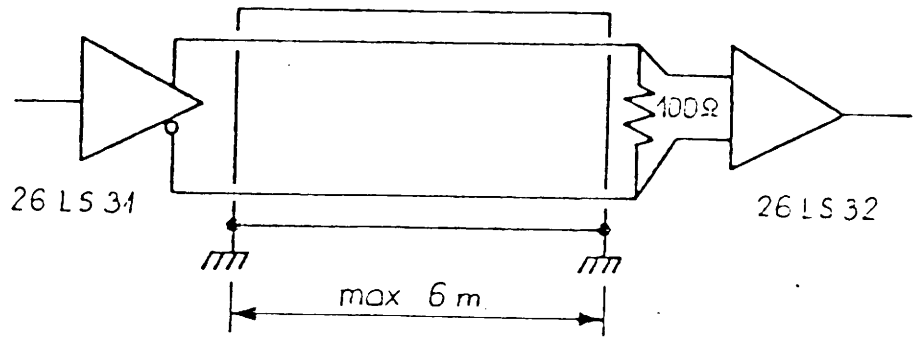


Figure 5.3 Recommended Circuit

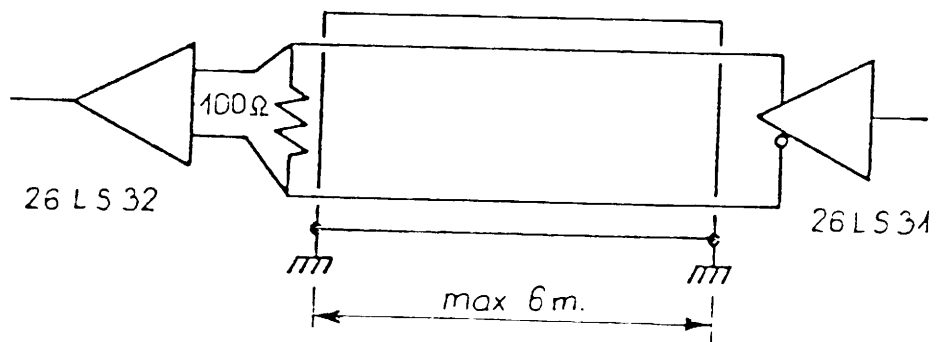


Figure 5.4 Recommended Circuit

5.4 READ SIGNALS

These signals are transmitted by the drive with a 26LS31 line driver and received by the controller with a 26LS32 line receiver. The two balanced lines must be terminated with 100 ohm resistors.

The signals are transmitted as follows:

READO
Balanced read lines
READN

Figure 5.4 shows the recommended circuits.

5.5 CABLES

The connection with the 01J and the 02J has to be made with a Flat Ribbon cable or Twisted Pair cable with 105 ohm impedance. The connection with the 03J has to be made with a Twisted Pair cable.

The DC power requirements of the HD 561 are shown in the following table.

VOLTAGE	TOLERANCE	CURRENT	RIPPLE MAX (peak to peak)
+ 5	\pm 5%	0.9 A typical 1.2 A max	50 mV
+ 12	\pm 10%	1.8 A typical 4.3 peak	100 mV

Table 4 DC Power Requirements

6. RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

6.1 OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

POWER ON hours/day	6
Working days/year	250
Life	6 years
Duty cycle	0.5
Exchanged bits/hour	$3.5 \cdot 10^7$
Seeks/hour	3600
Seeks per life	$32 \cdot 10^6$

6.2 MEDIA DEFECTS

A defect is intended as a permanent error at a specific point on the media, defined by the track and the angular position. The length of the defect shall not exceed 8 bits. The maximum number of defects per track is 1. The maximum number of defects per surface is 10.

6.3 ERROR RATE

To define the error rate it is necessary to check that all the defects of the media have been excluded for this evaluation. It is therefore necessary to differentiate between read and write errors.

6.3.1 WRITE ERRORS

The write errors may be caused by:

- a) incorrect activation via interface of write data
- b) data written on the defective zone of the media
- c) general transient failure of the equipment.

Due to the above mentioned reasons, write errors are difficult to detect. Therefore it is advisable to always verify after each recording operation (with write and verify instructions).

- Transient write errors
Write errors are considered transient when within three attempts of recording the write and verify are good.
- Permanent write errors
When the write and verify are not good within three attempts of recording the error is classified as follows:

7. TRACK FORMAT

The HD 561 is a soft-sectoring, hard disk drive. The number of sectors per track and their organization can be fixed by the user, but the minimum length of the fields no. 8, 14 and 15 of the following table must be guaranteed.

The table shows a suggested track format. It is the same format that is used by OPE to test the peripheral unit.

The number of sectors per track is 33.

FIELD 1	13 BYTES	(00) FOR VFO SYNC.
FIELD 2	1 BYTE	A.M. FOR IDENTIFICATOR SYNC.
FIELD 3	1 BYTE	(FE) FOR FLAG IDENTIFICATOR
FIELD 4	1 BYTE	(00) TO (B3) FOR CYLINDER DEFINITION
FIELD 5	1 BYTE	(00) TO (05) FOR HEAD SELECTION
FIELD 6	1 BYTE	(00) TO (32) FOR SECTOR SELECTION
FIELD 7	3 BYTES	ECC
FIELD 8	2 BYTES	(00) WRITE GATE TURN-ON BY-PASS
FIELD 9	13 BYTES	(00) FOR VFO SYNC.
FIELD 10	1 BYTE	A.M. FOR DATA FIELD SYNC.
FIELD 11	1 BYTE	(F8) FOR DATA FIELD FLAG
FIELD 12	256 BYTES	FOR DATA FIELD
FIELD 13	3 BYTES	ECC
FIELD 14	2 BYTES	(00) FOR WRITE GATE TURN-OFF BY-PASS
FIELD 15	9 BYTES	(4E) FOR POSTAMBLE

Total bytes per sector: 308

Table 5 Suggested Track Format

The following figure shows the track format.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
13	a	F	c	h	s	E	0	13	a	F	256	E	0	9
bytes			y		e	C		bytes	m	8	bytes	C	0	bytes
00	m	E	l	d	c	C	0	00			data	C	0	

Figure 7.1 Track Format

8. DIMENSIONS AND MOUNTING

The dimensions of the HD 561 are shown in Figure 8.1.

The HD 561 can be mounted one of two ways:

- a) Vertical - both sides can be used
- b) Horizontal - solder side down

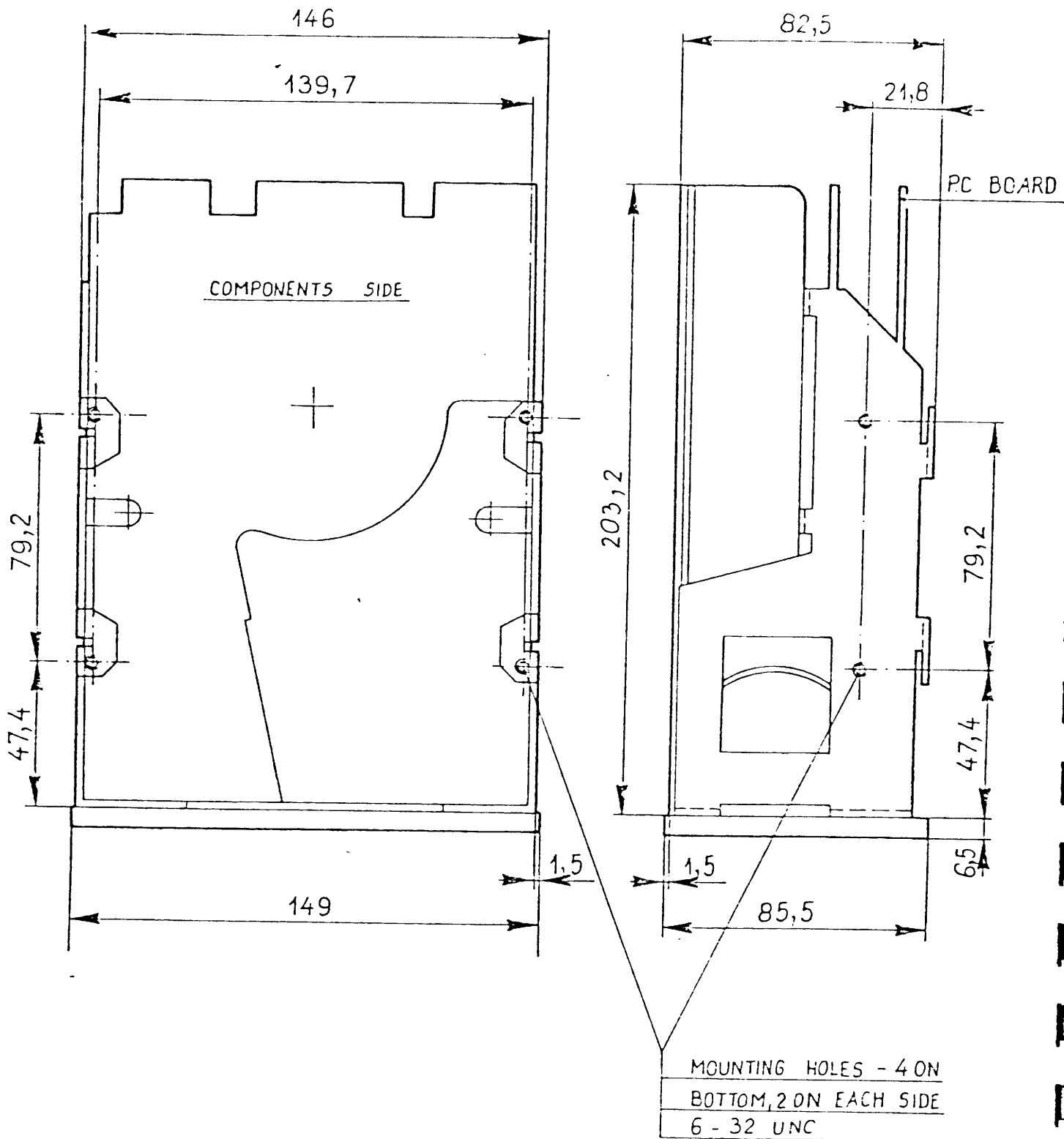


Figure 8.1 Dimensions

9. SPARE PARTS CATALOG

NOT AVAILABLE AT TIME OF PRINTING

10. SCHEMATICS SET

NOT AVAILABLE AT TIME OF PRINTING